



Position Statement

Background

Most current manufacturing processes are linear – materials are extracted from the Earth, converted to products, and eventually some are discarded as waste. Improving resource and energy efficiency can reduce resource extraction and waste generation to varying extents; shifting to a circular economy approach eliminates even more waste and pollution, enables materials to be used as long as possible, and supports the regeneration of nature. The circular economy is also underpinned by a transition to renewable energy and materials.¹

Approach

Resource consumption and energy efficiency

- The principal raw materials for making atmospheric gases and hydrogen are air, energy
 in the form of electricity or steam, and natural gas. Air, which is generally considered to
 be a renewable resource, typically represents more than 95 percent of the gaseous raw
 materials Air Products uses on a weight basis. Industrial gas manufacturing is energy
 intensive due to the amount of energy required.
- Increasing energy efficiency reduces energy consumption and lowers greenhouse gas emissions that contribute to climate change. Because Air Products' water consumption is tied closely to energy use, improvements in energy efficiency also reduce water usage.
- Air Products carefully tracks and manages energy use. Our conservation programs are
 focused on continually improving energy efficiency across our plants, particularly larger
 facilities. Efficiency improvements are realized through higher plant utilization, increased
 production at new, larger and more efficient facilities, and through facility improvement
 projects.
- Our product and service offerings enable our customers to improve productivity and increase energy efficiency, thereby reducing emissions and waste.

Circularity

- While industrial gases are typically consumed in our customers' processes, they also contribute to the circular economy. Industrial gases enable our customers to use or recycle resources, such as hydrogen for oil recycling and liquid nitrogen for efficient recycling of materials through cryogenic grinding.
- Several of our gas products, such as hydrogen, carbon dioxide, and helium, are produced by purification of industrial by-products, which reduces emissions and waste.
- We supply our products via reusable transportable pressure vessels including tankers and tube trailers, via pipelines, and, for small-scale supply in certain regions of the world, in cylinders with typical life spans of 10 to 25 years that are typically recycled after years of use.
- Examples of our technologies and equipment that contribute to the circular economy
 include our Cryo-Condap® process that collects volatile organic chemicals from emission
 streams so the substances can be reused, and our biogas membrane separators that are
 used to produce methane from farm waste, manure or municipal waste for use in other
 applications.

Commitments

We contribute to UN Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 7 "Affordable and clean energy", SDG 12 "Responsible consumption and production", and SDG 13 "Climate action" through our energy efficiency programs and products that improve customers' productivity, energy efficiency, and support the circular economy.

Resource consumption and energy efficiency

- We strive to continually improve our Environmental, Health, and Safety (EHS)
 performance and reduce the impacts of our activities as outlined in our <u>EHS policy</u> and
 codified in our EHS Management System standards.
- As an energy-intensive company, Air Products is committed to continuously improving
 the energy efficiency of our operations. We aim to increase energy efficiency, defined as
 energy consumption per unit of gas production, on an annual basis. This approach builds
 on two sets of prior energy intensity goals that were met for our atmospheric gas
 production units, including cumulative energy efficiency improvements of 8% for 20072015 and 2.6% for 2015-2020.
- Air Products aims to increase its use of renewable electricity and is evaluating other renewable energy sources.
- Through our \$15 billion commitment to energy transition projects, Air Products will significantly increase the share of active renewable electricity production through the development of multiple world-scale green hydrogen production facilities.

Circularity

- In support of the circular economy, Air Products will continue to:
 - Collaborate with our customers to improve productivity and energy efficiency and support their circularity efforts by leveraging our products and technologies, including hydrogen.
 - Seek alternative raw material sources for our businesses, such as bio-feedstocks and biogas, and to increase use of renewables.
 - <u>Publicly report</u> on our energy and resource efficiency programs and performance as we have since 2009.

Administration

- Air Products' management routinely evaluates our sustainability commitments and progress. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee of Air Products' Board of Directors has oversight responsibility over public policy issues, including sustainability, and the full Board has oversight responsibility for our environmental, health and safety performance.²
- Air Products' Sustainability Leadership Council routinely reviews our sustainability programs, position statements, performance, and reporting.
- We report on our sustainability commitments and progress in our annual <u>Sustainability</u>
 <u>Report</u> as well as through other external communications channels, including our website
 and social media.
- This position statement and related statements and policies are maintained on Air Products' <u>public website</u>.

¹Ellen MacArthur Foundation, https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/topics/circular-economy-introduction/overview

²See our most recent <u>Proxy statement</u> for responsibilities of the Board of Directors.